

# CADORNA RELIEVED OF ITALIAN COMMAND



The



World.



"Circulation Books Open to All."

"Circulation Books Open to All."

WEATHER—Fair to-morrow.

PRICE ONE CENT in Greater New York and Hudson County, N. J. TWO CENTS elsewhere.

Copyright, 1917, by The Press Publishing Co. (The New York World).

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1917.

24 PAGES

PRICE ONE CENT in Greater New York and Hudson County, N. J. TWO CENTS elsewhere.

## \$114,000,000 of Russian Loan Held Up by U. S.

## ALL OF KERENSKY'S MINISTERS IN PRISON

### GEN. DIAZ PLACED AT HEAD OF THE ITALIAN ARMIES BY ALLIED WAR COUNCIL

**Permanent Inter-Allied Military Committee Appointed With Cadorna as a Member—Berlin Announces Crossing of Livenza River**

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Thursday, Nov. 8 (by the Associated Press).—The conference of British, French and Italian representatives has resulted in the creation of a permanent Inter-Allied Military Committee. New leadership for the Italian Army has been provided. Gen. Cadorna, who has been in supreme command of the Italian Army since the beginning of the war, has been given a place on the new committee.

New heads of the Italian army have been named. General Diaz has been appointed first in command, with General Badoglio second and General Grandino third. General Foch, chief of staff of the French War Ministry, and General Wilson, chief of the British General Staff, will serve on the inter-allied committee with General Cadorna. Among military officers the decision of the Allies to create a permanent military committee has caused great satisfaction. It is accepted as evidence that the Allies have awakened to the necessity for the closest union of the whole length of the western front for the political and military conduct of the war.

General Diaz is rated as one of the ablest Italian military leaders. For years he was connected with the general staff. He has rendered distinguished service in the present campaign. He is from Southern Italy. General Badoglio is a northerner. In the war he has been in command of a brigade of Bersaglieri, whose heroic deeds have done much to decrease the gravity of the disaster.

General Grandino was Minister of War in the cabinet of Premier Boselli. He was one of the leading generals of the Second Army.

ROME, Nov. 8.—The Italians are still holding back the Austrians and Germans by rearguard actions, while the main body of the troops is establishing itself on the positions chosen for the resistance, says to-day's official statement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Official cablegrams received here to-day from the Italian battlefront say the retreat is being conducted with skill.

BERLIN, Nov. 9 (British Admiralty Press).—The Austro-German forces in Northern Italy are still advancing in Italy.

### MURPHY INSISTS HE WON'T NAME NEW HEAD OF POLICE

Asked if He Would Recommend Any One, He Says: "I Never Have and Never Will." Chief Murphy, at Tammany Hall to-day officially proclaimed the organization attitude toward appointment of a Police Commissioner, confirming The Evening World's announcement yesterday of a "hands off" policy. Asked whether he would recommend any one for the office, Murphy replied emphatically:

"No; I never have and never will." As to other officers that the new Mayor will have to fill, the Chief said: "I have nothing to say on that."

Murphy saw a few callers at Tammany Hall to-day, then shut his door and left with his family for French Lick Springs, Ind.

### WOODS TO QUIT DEC 31; WON'T STAY, HE ANNOUNCES

Commissioner Says Head of Police Department Depends on Mayor's Whole Co-operation. Police Commissioner Woods to-day announced definitely that he would resign his office at the end of the year. He said:

"So many people have been urging me to remain as Police Commissioner in case I should be asked to do so that I feel I ought to make the statement now that I intend to leave this office on Dec. 31. I shall leave with most pleasant memories of almost three and three-quarters years of service with a fine body of men."

"Few people seem to realize how essential to the success of a Police Commissioner is the whole co-operation of the Mayor. Whatever success I may have had in conducting this department would have been impossible without the complete support I have always had from Mayor Mitchell."

250,000 Italians and 2,300 Guns Taken, the Claim of Berlin

### WOMEN GET FIRST VOTE IN BROOKLYN FOR CONGRESSMAN

Chance to Use Ballot in January—Vote on Option in April.

The first opportunity that women in Greater New York will have to cast their ballots under the new enfranchisement will probably occur in Brooklyn some time in January, when a special election is expected to be held. This will be to fill the office made vacant by the election of Congressman Daniel J. Griffin to the office of Sheriff of Kings County.

Tammany Hall is already considering the question of favoring women when the new Board of Education of nine members is appointed. It is understood that Mayor Hylan will be induced to appoint one woman at least on this board.

Women's first general opportunity to vote in New York State and city will come on April 16 next, when special elections will be held on the question of local option.

Announcement was made to-day by William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, that special elections of this kind will be held in a number of up-State cities, but that for New York City the question of presenting the issue at this time is still undetermined.

No definite decision will be reached regarding the metropolis until after the Legislature meets in January to enact certain legislation to carry into effect the constitutional amendment for suffrage just voted by the people.

The constitutional amendment becomes effective Jan. 1, but much tinkering will have to be done to the election machinery in order to accommodate the increased number of voters. President Boyle of the Board of Elections said to-day:

"Provision must be made for registration and for a redistricting of election districts. In their present size it will be impossible to either register or vote the doubled electorate. The districts may have to be cut in half."

### MISS ELLIOTT'S KISSES ENLIST 25 FOR NAVY



Young Woman's Offer of Reward for Each Recruit Swells Uncle Sam's Fighting Forces.

A kiss for each recruit for Uncle Sam's Navy was the reward offered by charming Miss Marie Antoinette Elliott of No. 304 West 70th Street at Thursday's midday meeting of the Minute Men to-day that overflowed to the sidewalk.

Miss Elliott was not present, but there were three other attractive young women on the platform who smiled—but nothing more—as twenty-seven men climbed up to offer their services for the army and navy.

The principal speaker was Lieut. E. L. Berwick of the 1st Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force. He was gassed, wounded, taken prisoner and for nearly two years was in solitary confinement at the German prison camp of Gisaen. Lieut. Berwick described the tortures he underwent in German hospitals, where his twenty wounds were subjected to operations without the use of any anaesthetic.

### CONGRESS MAY ADD 500,000 TO ARMY DRAFT ELIGIBLES

Crowder Will Seek to Have All Who Reached 21 Since Law Became Effective Included. WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The draft questionnaire which will determine the class and order of service of America's remaining 9,000,000 registered men will be mailed soon. Each registrant will have seven days to answer and turn in the list. On the basis of his verified replies he will be placed in one of five classes, the fifth being the last group called to the colors.

Gen. Crowder plans to ask Congress to draft all men who have reached the age of twenty-one since the selective service law became effective. It is estimated that 500,000 men have passed this age since then.

### GIRL LETS JUSTICE PLEAD IN VAIN WHEN CUPID CALLS TO WAR

Won't Wait to Prosecute Suitor She Accused, but Rushes to Soldier Fiance.

Courts of law, grand juries, a former sweetheart's protestations, and alleged assault and robbery, could not hold back pretty twenty-year-old Marguerite Liami from the soldier she loves. This afternoon she is to sail for Jacksonville, Fla., whence she will proceed to "somewhere in Texas" to marry her sergeant in the regular army and to go with him and become a Red Cross nurse in France.

The girl told her story to Magistrate Groehl in the Centre Street Police Court to-day. She had lived with her sister at No. 161 Madison Street and up to two weeks ago was engaged to Concorde Fontaine, she said. Then she met her sergeant, whose name she didn't mention, and Concorde faded by comparison. She became engaged to the soldier, who was soon to leave for Texas. She was to join him as soon as he could send her transportation and arrange to have her go to France as a nurse.

She broke the news to her former fiance, telling him that she no longer loved him. But the love of Concorde didn't cool as quickly as did that of his sweetheart. He tried to persuade her to elope with him, but the pretty girl was past being persuaded. Then the steamship ticket arrived and she told Concorde she was going this afternoon.

"When I wouldn't listen to him, Judge," Miss Liami said, "he came to my house with Simon Mayer, who is engaged to my sister, and Mayer tried to make me give up my soldier. When I refused they threw me on the floor, and while Mayer held me down Fontaine took away my tickets and \$47. I had them arrested by Detective Martin Sheridan."

"I don't see that anything is to be done," said Magistrate Groehl, "but to hold these men for the Grand Jury for highway robbery."

"How long will that take?" asked the girl.

"Maybe a couple of days, maybe a week," replied the Court.

"Oh, I can wait!" she exclaimed. "I must sail this afternoon, and then I must be back till—oh, after the war." Magistrate Groehl conferred with Assistant District Attorney Murphy, who then talked to the men and the girl, with the result that the jittery suitor returned the tickets and the money, promising to molest the girl no more. Miss Liami beamed when the money and tickets were handed her, quickly withdrew her charges against the men and hurriedly left the courtroom, to get ready, she said, to sail to her soldier man in Texas.

### BOLSHEVIKI WON'T GET \$114,100,000 OUT OF U. S. LOAN

America Not in the Peace Business Now, Says High Treasury Official.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—A balance of \$114,100,000 in loans authorized for Russia may not be turned over by the United States if the Lenin-Trotsky peace faction gains complete control. The American Government, declared one Treasury official, is not in the peace business and regards the Bolsheviks as knowingly or unwittingly aiding Germany by removing Russian effectiveness from the Allies' side.

The United States has advanced to the Kerensky Government \$210,000,000 out of the total \$225,000,000 so far authorized. Advance of the balance is contingent upon Russia continuing to be an active or potential enemy of Germany. It was made clear at the Treasury Department.

Russia's notes held by the United States Government have been signed by Ambassador Bakhmeteff for the Kerensky Government. The dealings have been with the Provisional Government, and when it ceases to control Russia or Russia becomes a peace factor only, the new situation will require a revision of the loan policy.

President Wilson wishes to aid the new republic in every possible and reasonable manner, but victory over Germany is the first consideration. The hope is still held by officials that the democratic forces in Russia will ultimately restore the country as a fighting ally of America and the Entente against Germany.

Both the State Department and the Russian Embassy to-day still were without any official advice of any character whatever on affairs in Petrograd.

The State Department's last despatch from Ambassador Francis was sent from the Russian Capital last Tuesday. The Embassy's last despatch was sent from the Capital on Monday.

In the absence of official advice, officials of the Embassy and the Department continued to withhold comment.

### REPORT SUSPICIOUS CRAFT IS HEADED THIS WAY

United States Hydrographic Office Warns Shipping of Vessel That May Be Raider. In the daily memorandum of the United States Hydrographic Office to-day was this announcement:

"A suspicious vessel thought to be an enemy submarine was sighted on Oct. 22 in latitude 44 degrees 20 minutes north and longitude 29 degrees 15 minutes west. She was steering westward with a small sail set. No smoke was visible."

### BOLSHEVIKI URGES ARMY TO PREVENT ANY MOVE FOR RESTORATION OF KERENSKY

**Deposed Premier in Flight Halts 6,000 Troops Who Are Marching Toward Petrograd—Bolsheviki in Full Control at Capital.**

PETROGRAD, Nov. 9.—Petrograd is almost normal to-day, with the new revolutionary Government in full control and maintaining practically complete order. All the members of the Cabinet are in prison except Kerensky.

Kerensky has escaped from the Maximalists. This was due to the fact that he left Petrograd on Wednesday for the front, expecting to meet troops which he had previously summoned to the Capital. The former Premier had anticipated a clash with the Bolsheviks.

The Congress of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates to-day appealed to the Russian Army to stand firm and to protect the revolution against imperialist attempts until the new Government had obtained a democratic peace.

Following is the text of the proclamation to the army:

"We appeal to the soldiers in the trenches to be vigilant and firm. The congress expects the revolutionary army will protect the revolution against all imperialist attempts until the new government has obtained a democratic peace which it will propose directly to all the peoples."

"The new government will take adequate measures to assure to the army all necessities and by energetic requisitions from the upper classes it will also ameliorate the economic situation of soldiers' families."

The proclamation concludes by urging the soldiers to prevent any attempt by Kerensky or others to oppose the new Government.

### KERENSKY HALTS 6,000 TROOPS ON WAY TO PETROGRAD

It is announced that Kerensky was at Gatchina, twenty-three miles from Petrograd, last night. He is said to have addressed 6,000 soldiers who were marching to Petrograd. The soldiers decided not to march on for the present. Kerensky proceeded toward Moscow.

Change from the Kerensky Provisional Government to the new Bolshevik regime was accomplished practically without bloodshed, despite the fact that for a time there was vigorous resistance and Petrograd was once again filled with the sounds of firing.

The Women's Battalion, which was among the defenders of the Winter Palace, surrendered before the battle began.

[A despatch received from Petrograd last night said the Women's Battalion and the other Government forces holding the palace were compelled to capitulate under the fire of the cruiser Aurora and the cannon of the St. Paul fortress. The Maximalist account of the uprising said there had been no bloodshed.]

TO TRY KORNILOFF AND MINISTERS AT ONCE. The military revolutionary committee has decided to bring Gen. Korniloff, leader of the recent revolt, and his supporters to Petrograd and imprison them in the fortress of St. Peter and Paul. They will be brought to trial before a military revolutionary tribunal.

Leon Trotsky, President of the Executive Committee of the Petrograd Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's

RACING RESULTS, Page 2 ENTRIES, Page 14